

FaNGaS: A New Instrument for Fast Neutron Gamma Spectroscopy at the FRM II Research Reactor, Garching

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Introduction

Fast Neutrons as Potential Probes for Nuclear Waste

Neutron induced prompt γ -rays analysis:

Cold/Thermal neutrons PGAA

Pros:

(n,γ) well known reaction

Cons:

Limited availability of neutron source
Less effective for large samples

Fast neutrons PGAA:

Pros:

Availability of neutron source esp neutron generators

Cons:

($n,n'\gamma$) poorly known
Discrepancies between evaluated data library

FaNGaS experiment:

γ -ray spectroscopy for neutron inelastic scattering studies

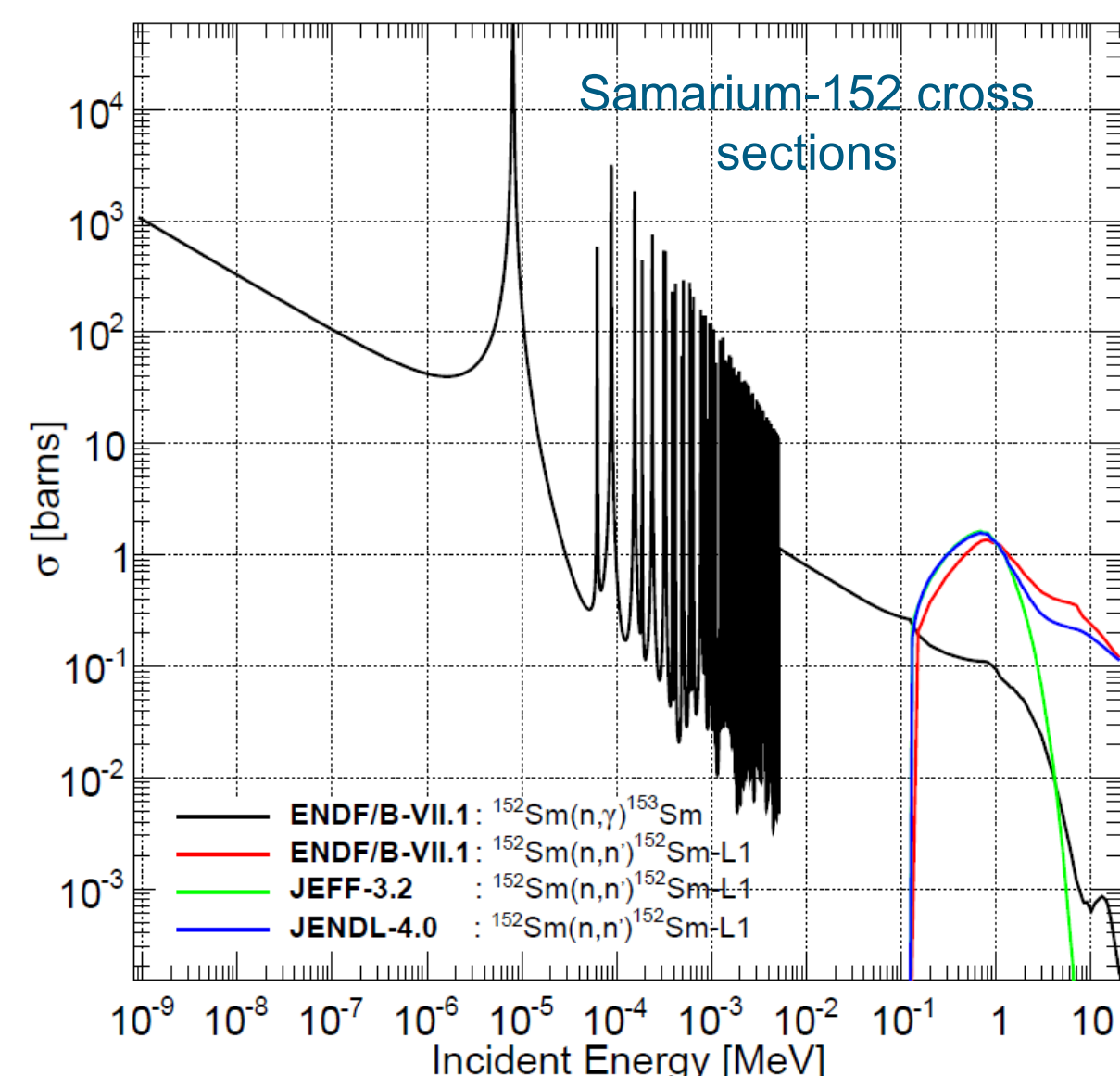


Fig. 1: Exemplary (n,γ) and (n,n') cross sections. Source <https://www-nds.iaea.org/exfor>

The Facility

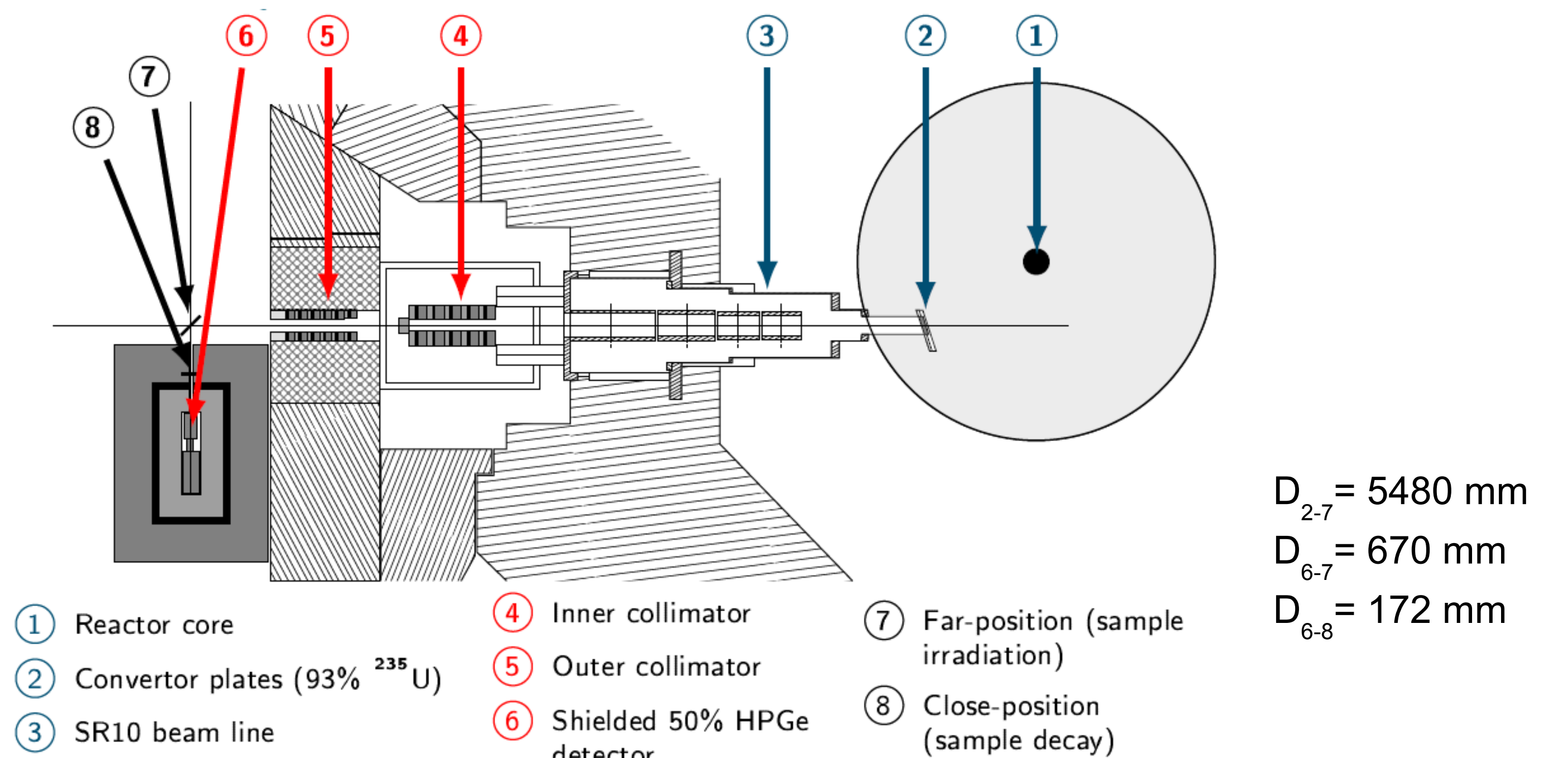


Fig. 2: Schematic sketch of FaNGaS facility at the FRMII research reactor, Garching

Fission Neutron Beam

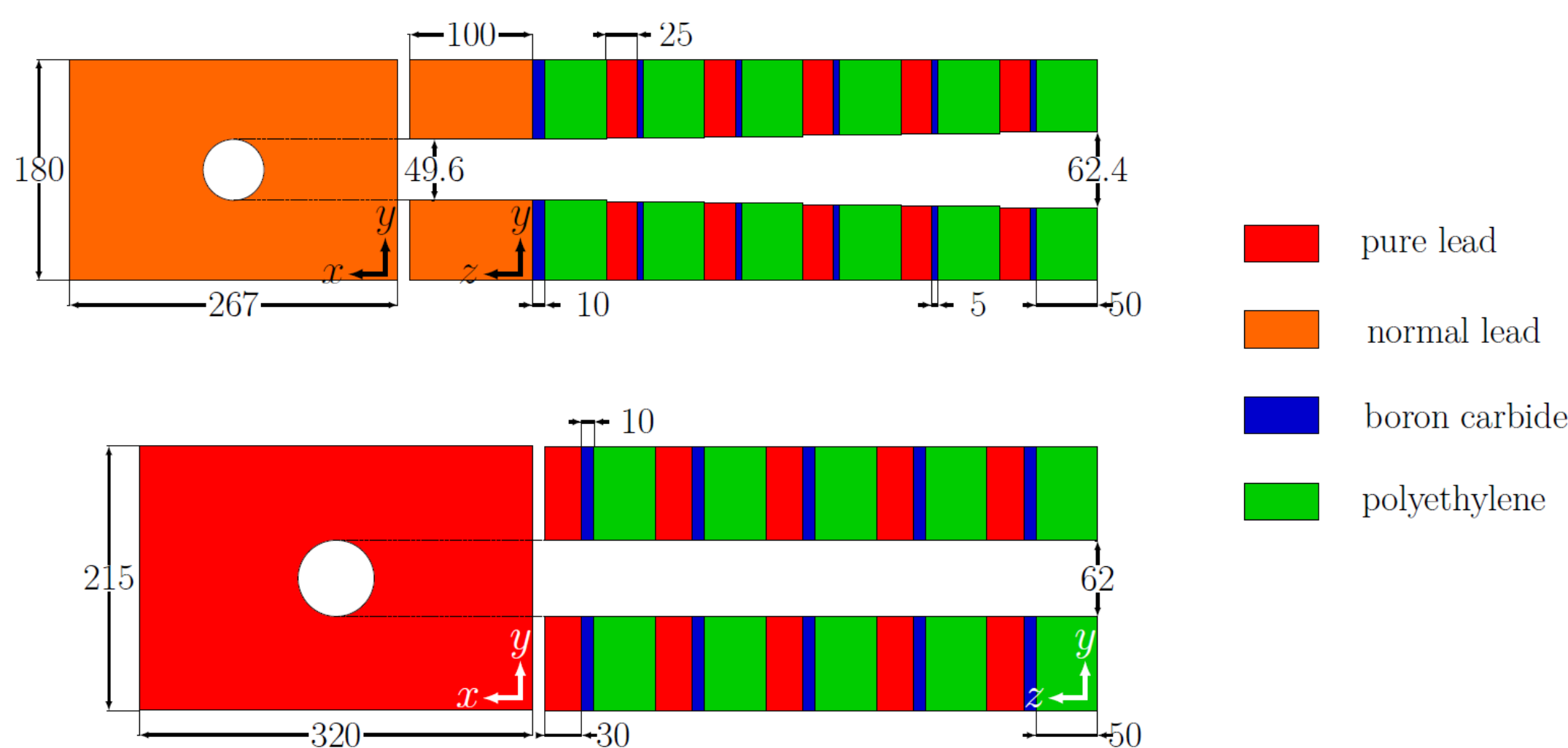


Fig. 3: Layout of the outer collimator (upper) and inner collimator (lower). Units are in mm

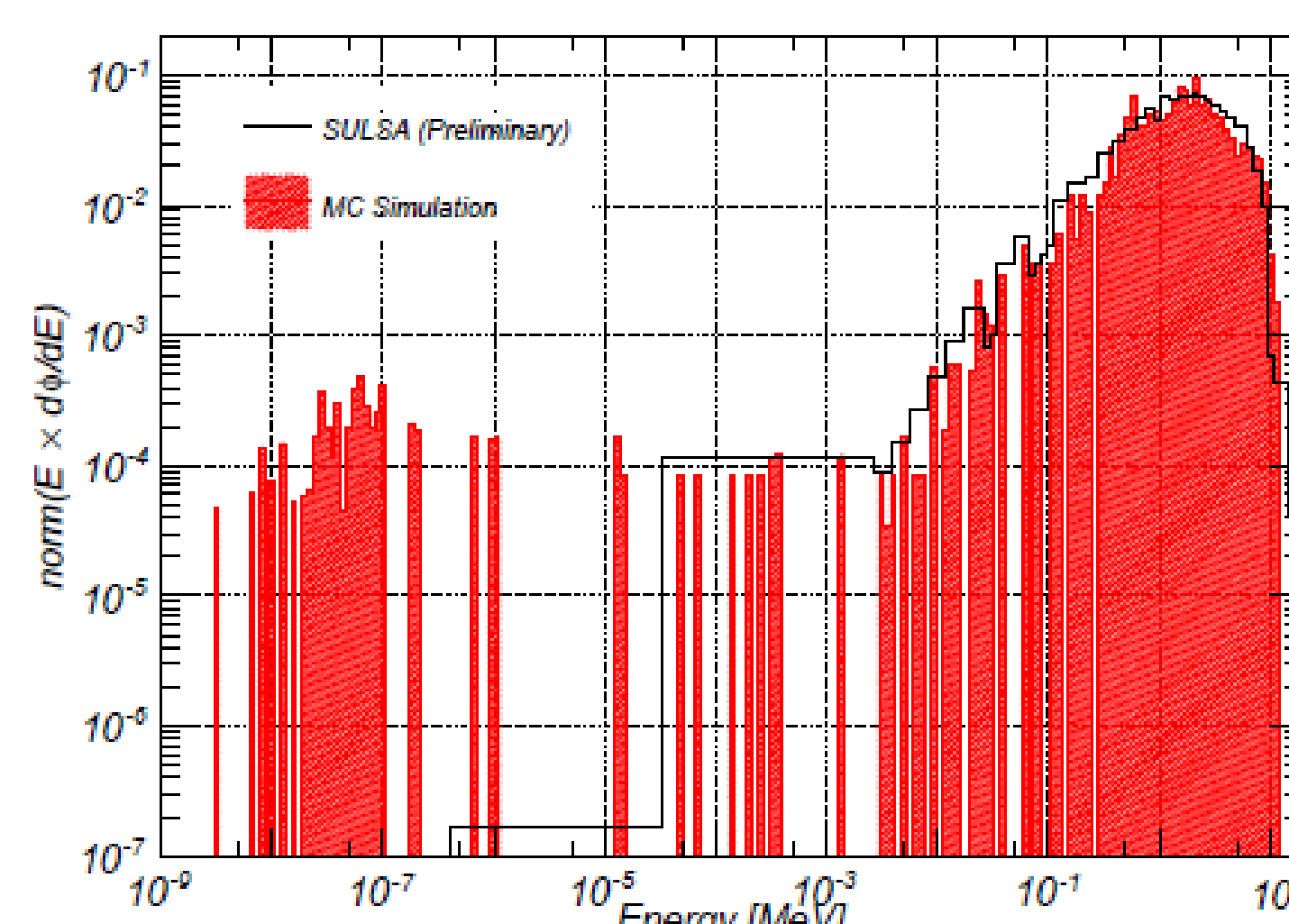


Fig. 4: Neutron beam energy distribution

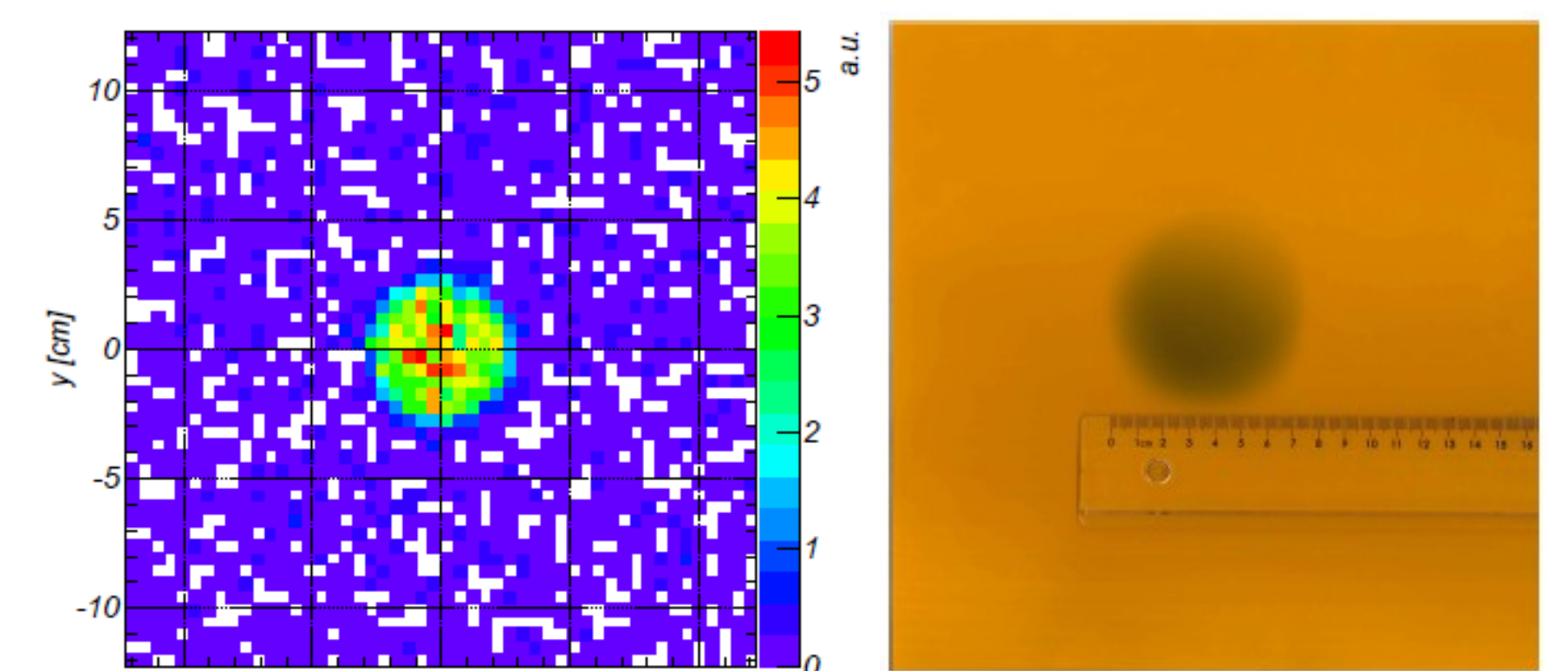


Fig. 5: Simulated neutron beam size (left) and picture of the beam (right) at the sample position

Average Energy : 1.9 MeV
Integrated flux : $8.0 \cdot 10^7 - 1.2 \cdot 10^8 \text{ cm}^{-2} \text{ s}^{-1}$
Beam size : 40 mm (FWHM)

Detector System Characteristic

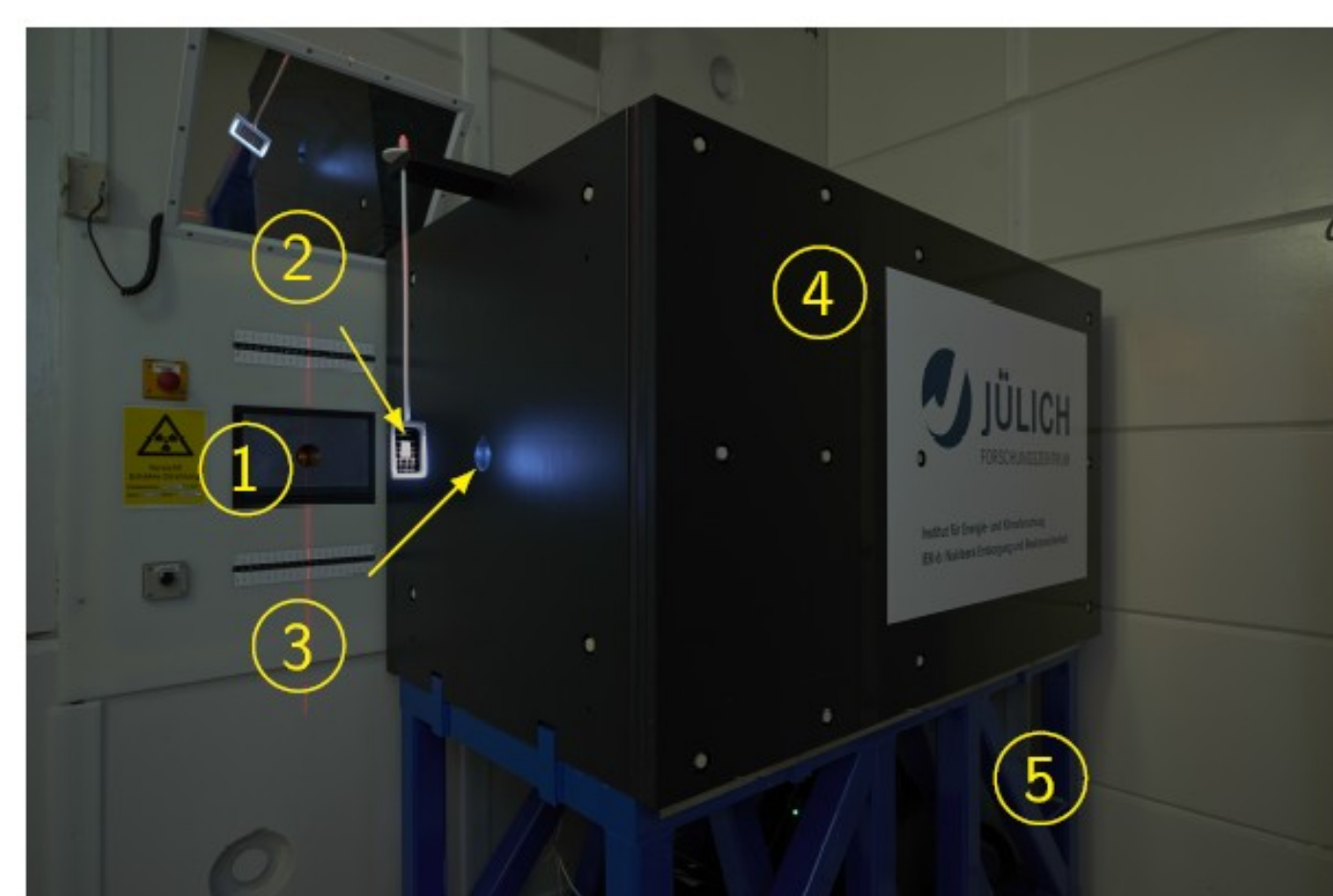


Fig. 6: Photograph of the FaNGaS detector shielding

Heavily shielded HPGe of 50% rel. efficiency

Shielding materials (from outer to inner layers):

Polyethylene – 320 mm thick

Boron carbide – 10 mm thick

Lead – 150 mm thick

Lithium-6 glass inserted in the detector collimator between the boron carbide and lead layers

Size : W x H x L = 1260 x 1260 x 2660 mm³

Mass : 4 tonnes

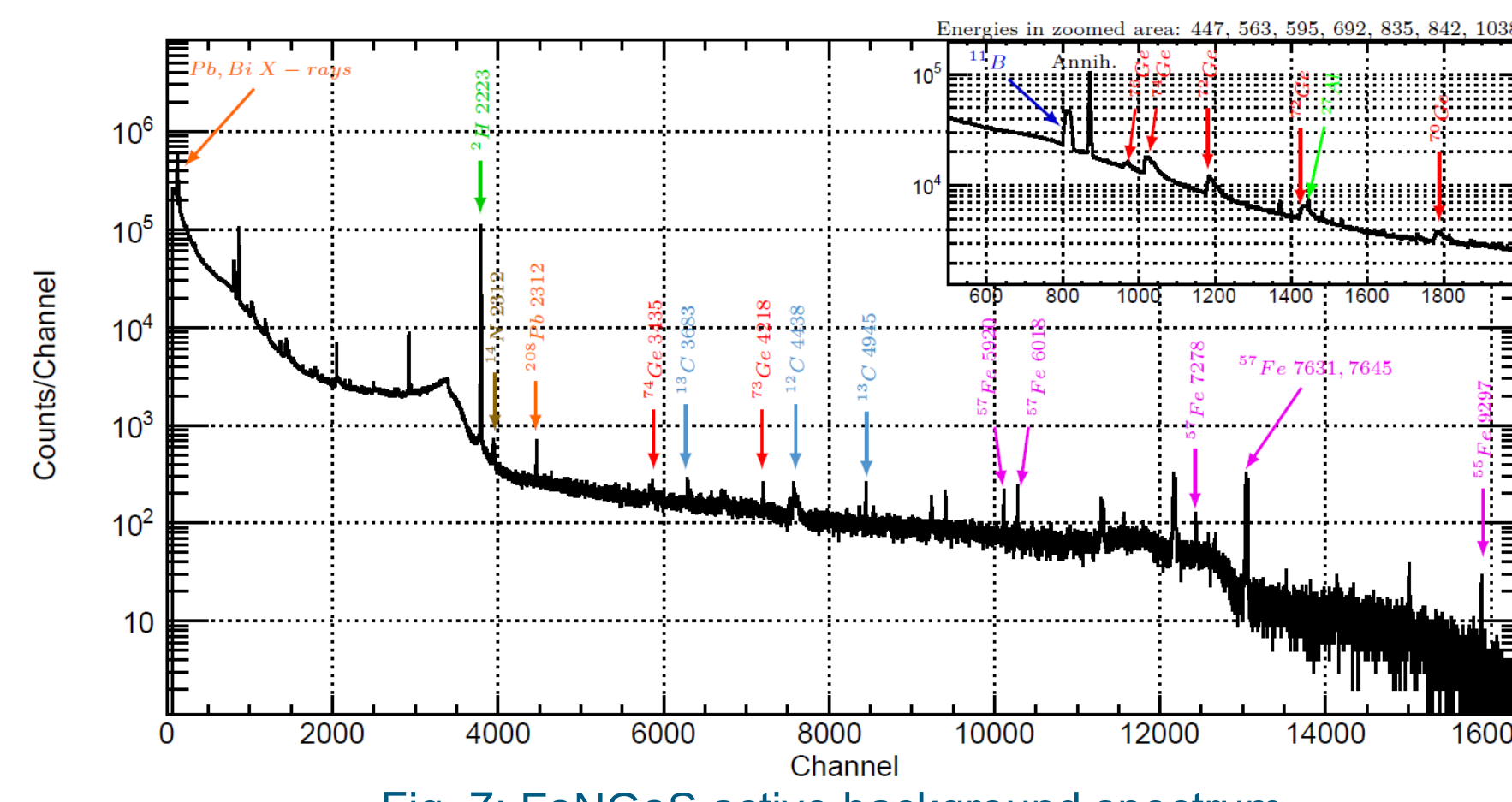


Fig. 7: FaNGaS active background spectrum

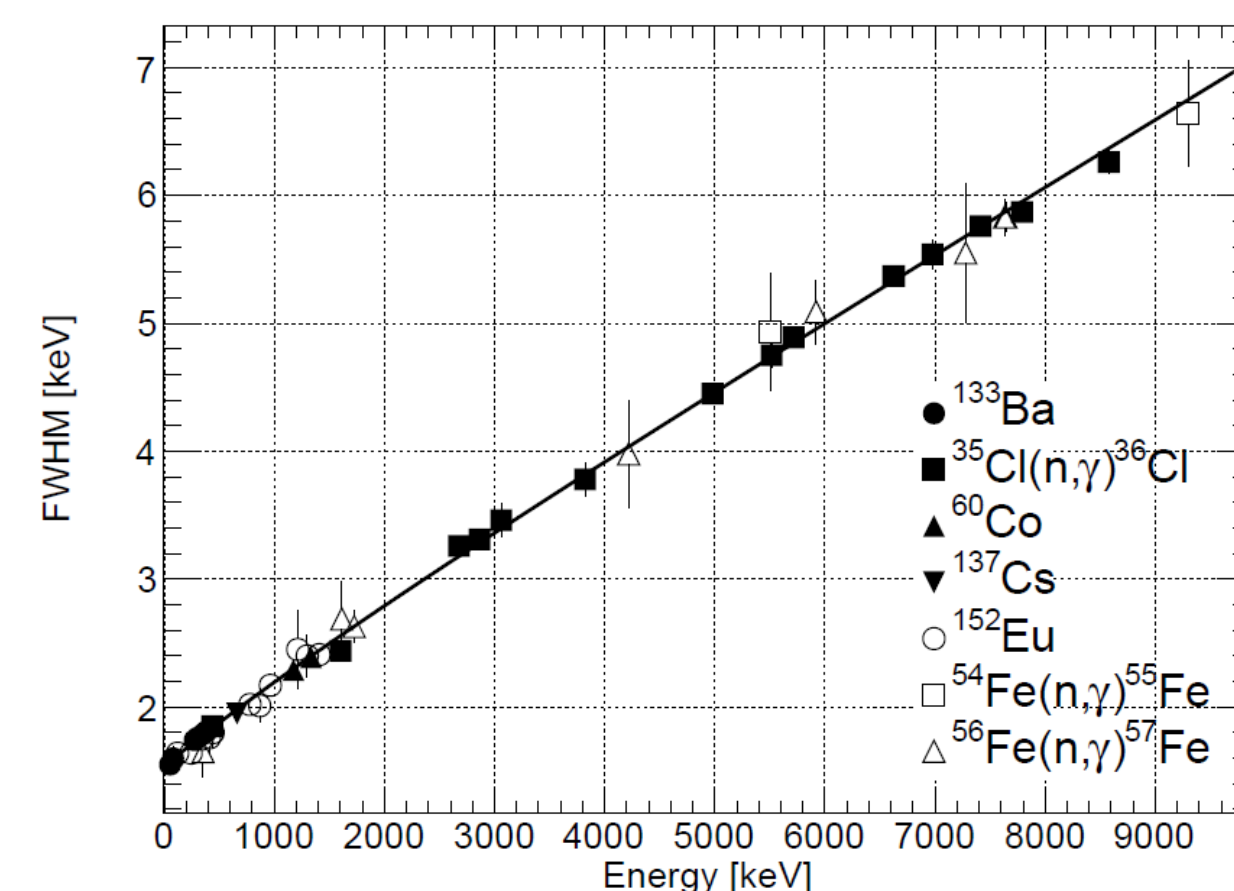


Fig. 8: Detector resolution

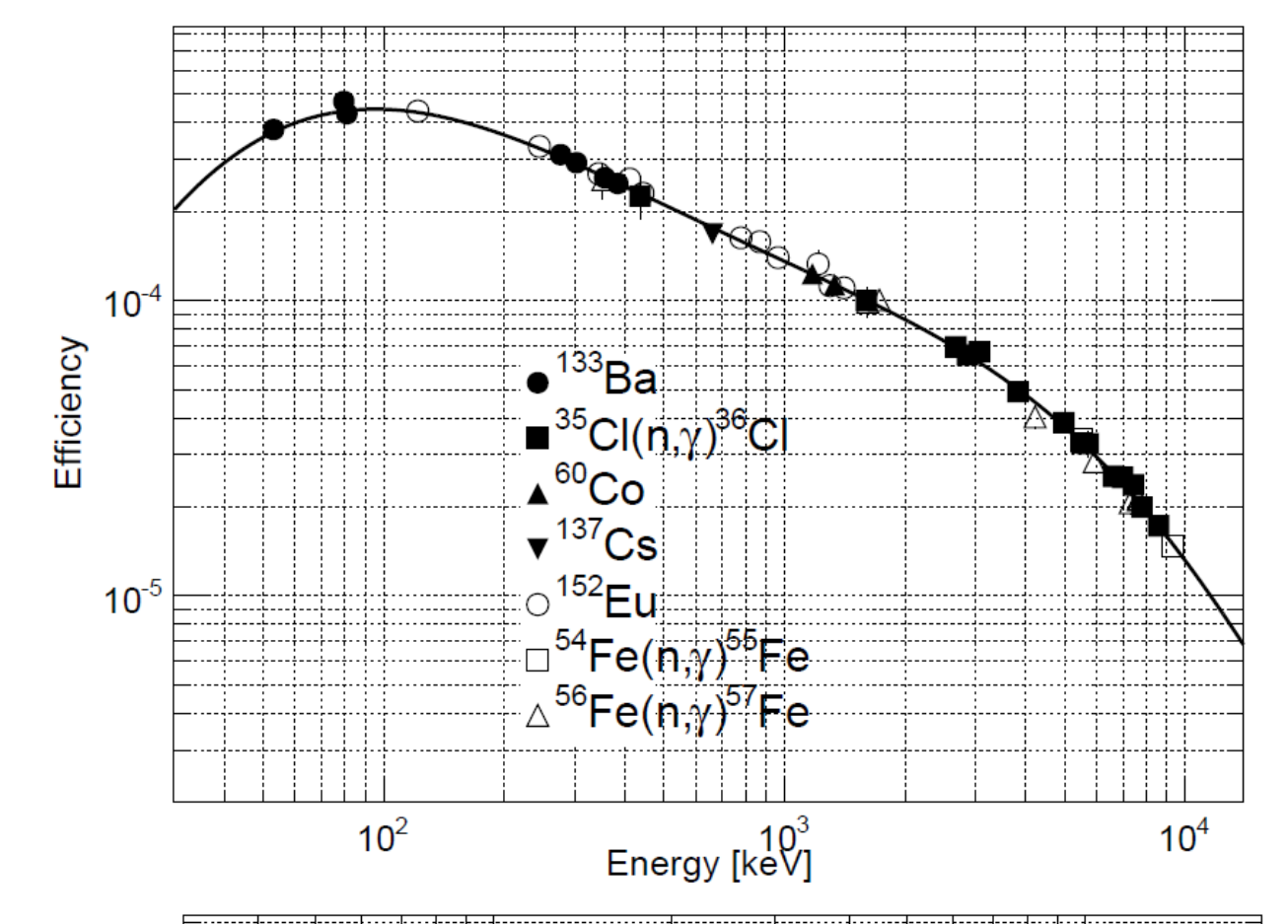


Fig. 9: Measured efficiency curves at the far-position (upper) and close-position (lower)

Benchmark Spectra

Teflon Sample: $m = 1.56 \text{ g}$ - $\varnothing = 11.7 \text{ mm}$, $H = 7 \text{ mm}$ - Irradiation time = 10 hours

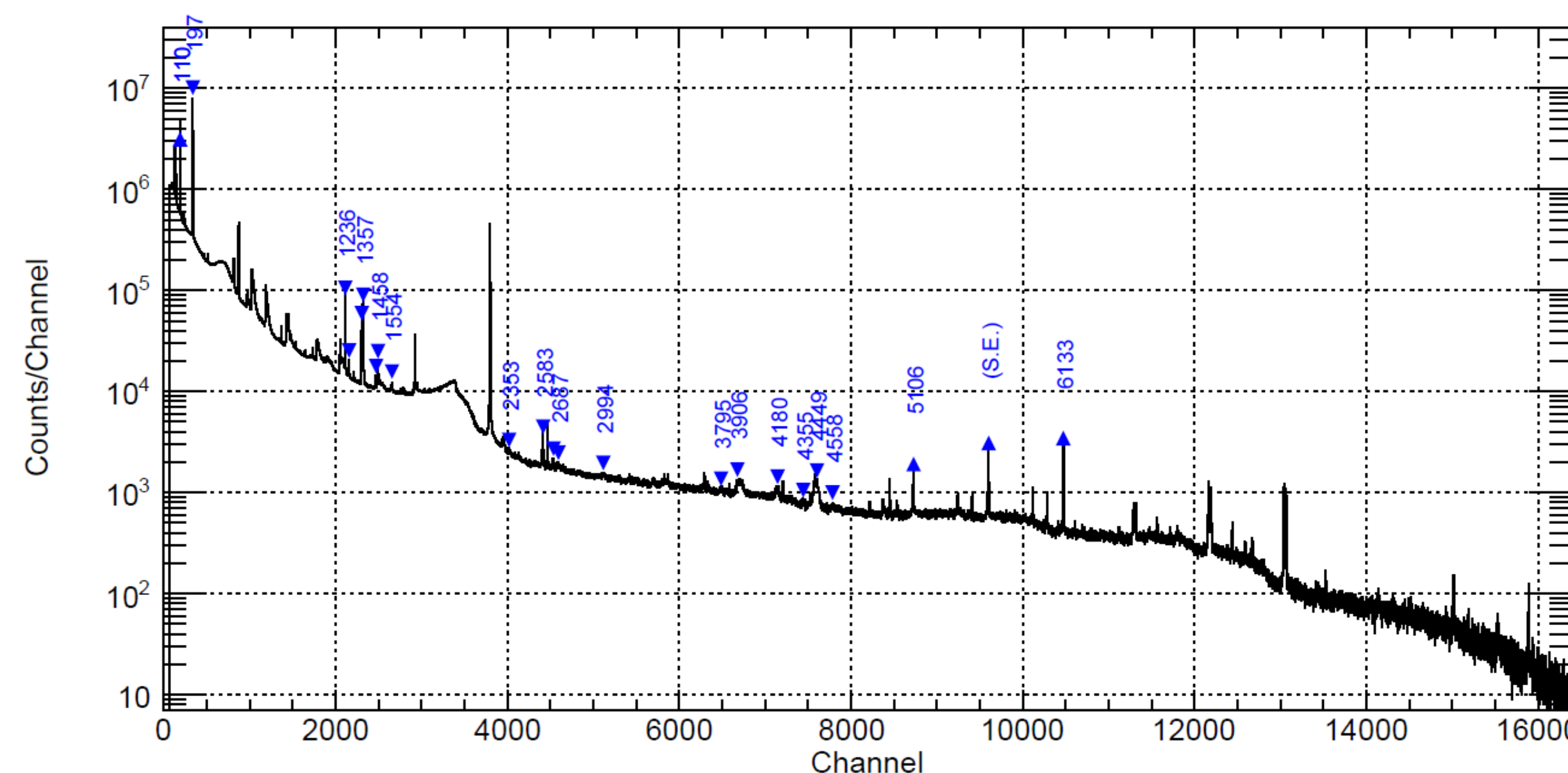


Fig. 10: Fluorine spectrum at FaNGaS

Iron Sample - $m = 1.38 \text{ g}$ - $W \times H = 25 \times 25 \text{ mm}^2$, thickness = 0.25 mm - Irradiation time = 10 hours

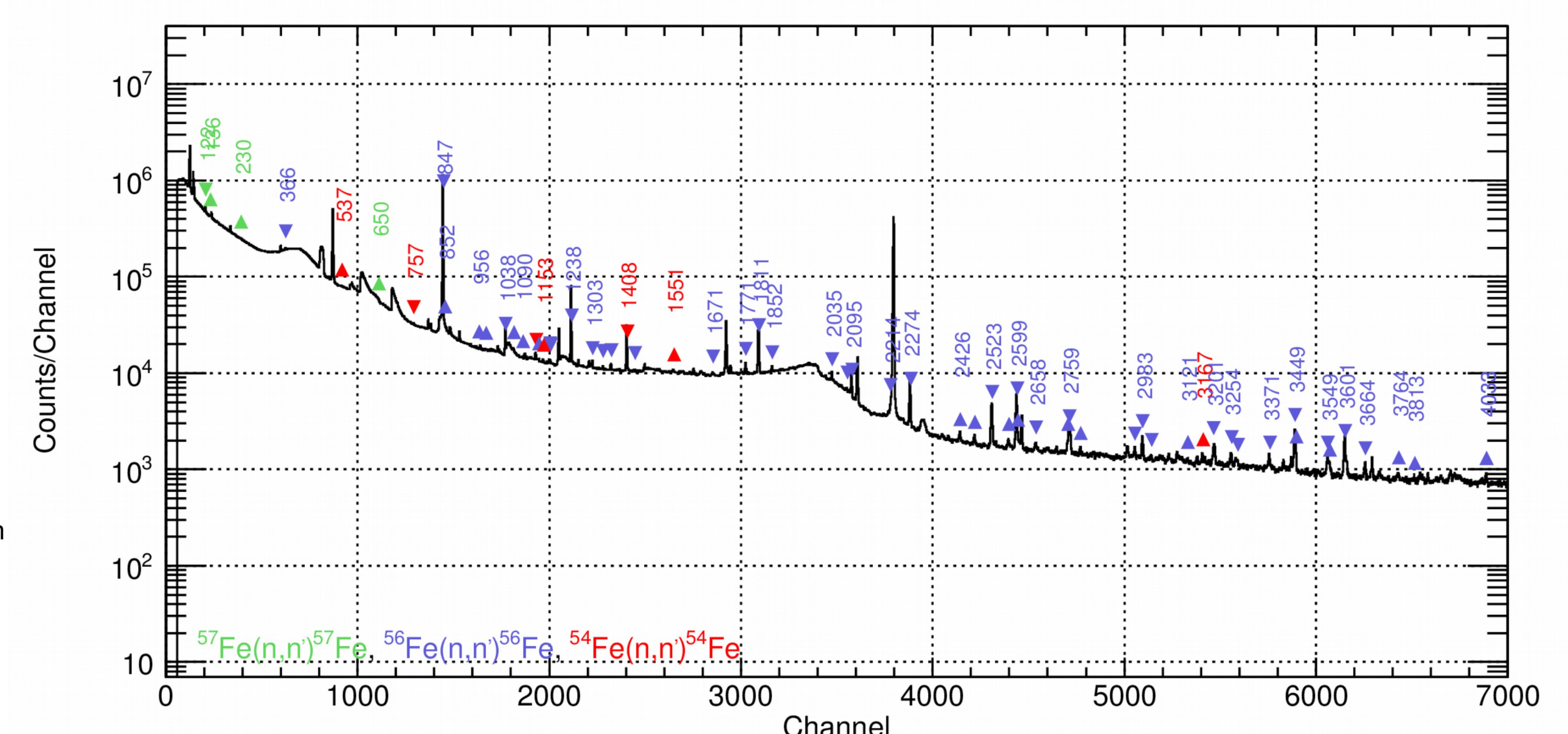


Fig. 11: Iron spectrum at FaNGaS

Acknowledgment:

Dr. H. Breitzkreuz (FRM II, Garching), E.L. Ebert (IEK-6, FZ-Jülich), Dr. S. Sudár (Institute of Experimental Physics, Kossuth University, Debrecen, Hungary), C. Velten (FRM II, Garching)

This work is supported by BMBF

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ANIMMA Conference – Lisbon, Portugal

April 2015